



Estes Park | Fort Collins | Longmont | Loveland

HVAC technologies for big savings

Demand control ventilation and the HVAC VFDs

May 15, 2019

Housekeeping

Safety and reminders

In case of emergency: Exit down the stairs and out the front door to the parking lot.

Restrooms are located on the first floor. Go down the stairs and look for signs to either the left or the right (bathrooms are located in both directions).

Efficiency Works Business

Upcoming events

“A new way with new construction” – Platte River HQ campus tour

June 26, 11:00 a.m. – 1:30 p.m.

Platte River headquarters in Fort Collins

Maximize participation in Efficiency Works Business

July 17, 8:30 – 10:00 a.m.

Loveland Public Works Upper Conference Room

Register to attend at efficiencyworks.org/resources/events



Today's presenters

Jack Allen

Jack is a principle at Bolger, Haley & Lahr of Colorado where he performs the engineering and design of systems that produce efficiency in industrial environments. BH&L is a distributor of industrial mechanical and electric equipment.

Jack's expertise covers a broad range of industries and technologies including; oil and gas, distributed power, generation, biofuels, biomass, alternative energies, refining, food processing, energy conservation, and geothermal.



Jack has over thirty years' experience in alternative power generation, energy conservation, renewable energy, industrial process optimization. Jack's expertise covers a broad range of industries and technologies including; oil and gas, distributed power generation, biofuels, biomass, alternative energies, food processing, energy conservation, geothermal, Controls integration in both commercial and industrial markets.

Today's presenters

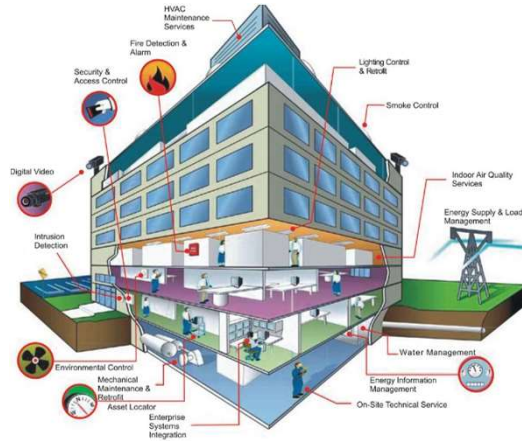
Adam Zipperer

Adam is an engineer with Platte River Power Authority, working with the Efficiency Works business programs. He focuses on HVAC, commissioning, new construction, and large/custom projects for commercial and industrial customers. Prior to his work at Platte River, Adam designed and commissioned large mechanical systems, including central chiller and boiler plants, chemical and biological research laboratories, and other air handling systems.

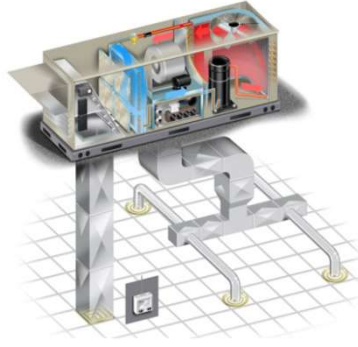
Efficiency Works cooling rebates

Measure	Description	Incentive	
Advanced RTU Controller	Add-on control system (hardware and software) for an existing RTU that implements integrated economization, variable fan speed control, and demand control ventilation (DCV). Examples include (but are not limited to) Transformative Wave Catalyst and Bes-Tech Digi-RTU.	\$2,000	per unit
Outside Air Economizer	Add an economizer to an existing unit where an economizer previously did not exist. Doesn't qualify if there is an existing economizer.	\$250	per unit
Evaporative Cooling	Direct, Indirect, or Direct/Indirect (IDEC). Continuous water 'bleed' systems for sediment control DO NOT qualify. A maintenance plan is required including winterization, startup, and guarantees for air quality (e.g. bacteria, mold).	\$0.20	per cfm
Evaporative Condensing	Evaporative media or mist to pre-cool air entering the condenser of a rooftop unit (RTU) or air-cooled chiller. In the unlikely event that the evaporative equipment damages a condenser or part of a condenser and it is less than 15 years old, the manufacturer shall replace the condenser or damaged part of the condenser and pay for the cost of the study to determine the cause of failure.	\$100	per ton

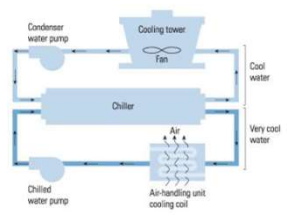
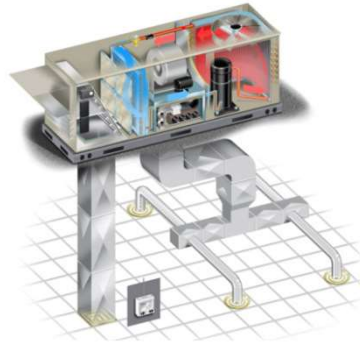
Campus-wide distributed BAS systems



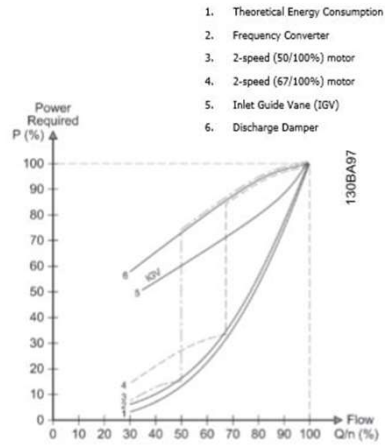
System by system controllers



VFD based controllers



How do VFDs save money & energy



- Variable torque loads – fans & pumps
 - Power use is a nonlinear equation
 - Varies by the cube or the percent full speed
 - At 50 percent speed or 30hz power use is $.5 \times .5 \times .5 = .125$ or 12.5 percent of FLA
 - At 80 percent speed or 48hz power use is $.8 \times .8 \times .8 = .512$ or 51.2 percent of FLA
- Constant torque loads – compressors
 - Power use is a linear equation
 - Plus the energy loss through the drive

The basics

How to save energy with HVAC systems

- ✓ Pay attention to / manage time of use
- ✓ Reduce the amount of air/water moved
- ✓ Reduce the amount of air/water needed to be heated/cooled
- ✓ Manage the delta T of the air/water being heated or cooled
- ✓ Move air/water more efficiency through the system



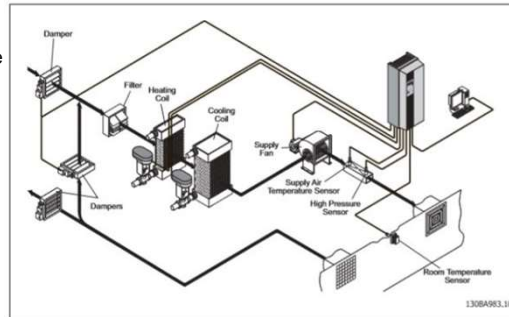
TRADITION

JUST BECAUSE YOU'VE ALWAYS DONE IT THAT WAY
DOESN'T MEAN IT'S NOT INCREDIBLY STUPID.

Energy savings

Constant volume air handling system

- Time of day scheduling
- Convert to variable air volume
- Economizer
- Demand based ventilation
- Carbon fan blades
 - Be patient, it's coming



Efficiency Works™

Time of day scheduling

- Set back t-stat or TOD schedule
- Pre-cool before peak of day

Convert to variable air volume

- Fix the disch. air temp DAT
- Use t-stat – vary fan speed

Economizer

- Outdoor air temp OAT
- Mod OA damper
- OAT is between X°F-Y°F
- Mod. OAD to maintain DAT

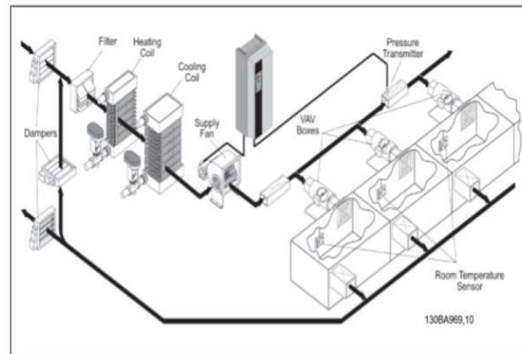
Demand based ventilation

- Mod OA damper
- CO2 and/or VOC sensor
- Mod. OAD to meet CO2/VOC set point

Energy savings

Variable air volume systems

- Time of day scheduling
- Supply duct pressure control
- Economizer
- Demand based ventilation
- Carbon fan blades
 - Be patient, it's coming



Efficiency Works™

Time of day scheduling

- Set back t-stat or TOD schedule
- Pre-cool before peak of day

Supply duct pressure control

- Press. Xmitter – 2/3's down duct
- Use PT to vary fan speed

Economizer

- Outdoor air temp OAT
- Modulating OA damper
- OAT is between X°F-Y°F
- Mod. OAD to maintain DAT

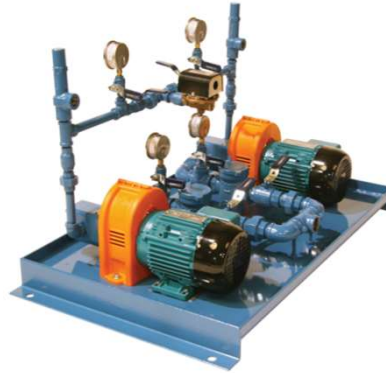
Demand based ventilation

- Mod OA damper
- CO2 and/or VOC sensor
- Mod. OAD to meet CO2/VOC set point

Energy savings

Pumping systems

- Pressure based control
- Duplex control / lead-lag
 - Don't use lead-lag control
 - Modulate motors to maintain pressure set point
 - Two pumps at 50 percent speed use 75 percent less energy than one pump at full speed
- Empellers
 - Double check the pump curve



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Pressure based control

- Press. Xmitter – 2/3's down piping system
- Use PT – vary pump speed to maintain pressure set point

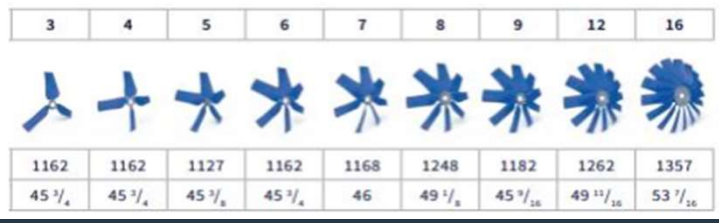
Duplex control / lead-lag

- Ok, ok – I ignored the pump curve, still two pumps at 65 percent speed uses 45 percent less energy than one pump at full speed

Energy savings

Fans

- Alternative material fans
 - Carbon or other polymers
- Lighter weight than formed aluminum fans
- Do not distort over time
- Hold balance of the product lifetime
- Custom blade design cuts through air more efficiently
- Reduce motor load by 12 – 18 percent



Same CFM flow at lower RPM's

Questions?



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Building tune-up program

Adam Zipperer

Program overview

Tuning up/commissioning HVAC systems

- Low-cost upgrades (payback <2 years)
- Reduced energy bills (5-15 percent)
- Reduced maintenance costs
- Better system control
- Improved comfort

Three program 'tiers'

Tier 1 – small/simple buildings

- E.g. all single zone packaged RTUs
- Direct implementation by mechanical contractor
- Predefined list of upgrades (e.g. install programmable thermostat)

Tier 2 & 3 – large/complex buildings

- E.g. VAV systems, chillers, process loads
- Commissioning study by engineering consultant
- We pay 100 percent of the study. Customer pays \$0.05/SF (up to \$12,000)
- Timeframe: months to a year+

Closed 'pools' of consultants/contractors for each tier

Direct implementation

Tier 1

Cost: We pay \$0.15/square foot, customer pays \$0.05/square foot

Timeframe: weeks

Performance: <1 project/year

Forecast: currently re-designing program

Tier 1 revamp

Program changes

Why: Increase participation and savings

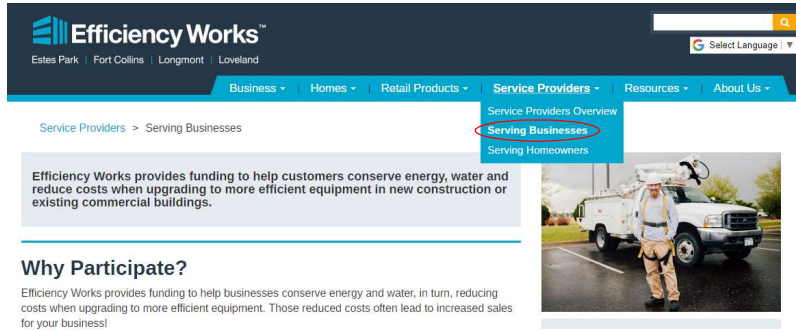
What: Better align with contractors existing business models (closer to maintenance/service contract model). Less documentation

When: Later 2019

Become A Service Provider

Go to efficiencyworks.org, serving businesses, Trade Ally
<https://efficiencyworks-ta.tradeally.com/tradeally/public/join.do>

Submit portfolio of related experience



The screenshot shows the Efficiency Works website interface. At the top, the logo 'Efficiency Works' is displayed with the locations 'Estes Park | Fort Collins | Longmont | Loveland' below it. A navigation menu includes 'Business', 'Homes', 'Retail Products', 'Service Providers', 'Resources', and 'About Us'. The 'Service Providers' menu is expanded, showing 'Service Providers Overview', 'Serving Businesses' (highlighted with a red circle), and 'Serving Homeowners'. Below the navigation, the breadcrumb 'Service Providers > Serving Businesses' is visible. A text block states: 'Efficiency Works provides funding to help customers conserve energy, water and reduce costs when upgrading to more efficient equipment in new construction or existing commercial buildings.' Below this is a section titled 'Why Participate?' with the text: 'Efficiency Works provides funding to help businesses conserve energy and water, in turn, reducing costs when upgrading to more efficient equipment. Those reduced costs often lead to increased sales for your business!'. To the right of the text is an image of a worker in a white uniform standing next to a white service truck.

Participation

How to enroll your building

- ✓ Get a FREE efficiency assessment
- ✓ Apply to the Building Tune Up program
- ✓ Select a service provider

Thank you!

Questions?



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